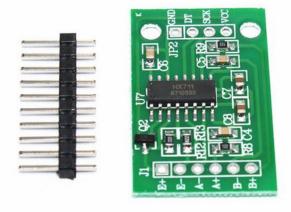


# **Handson Technology**

User Guide

# **HX711 Weighing Sensors ADC Module**

HX711 is a Load Cell Amplifier module with precision 24-bit analogto-digital converter (ADC) designed for weigh scales and industrial control applications to interface directly with a bridge sensor.



**SKU: SSR-1002** 

# **Description:**

- Two selectable differential input channels
- On-chip active low noise PGA with selectable gain of 32, 64 and 128\*On-chip power supply regulator for load-cell and ADC analog power supply.
- On-chip oscillator requiring no external component with optional external crystal.
- Simple digital control and serial interface: pin-driven controls, no programming needed.
- Selectable 10SPS or 80SPS output data rate.
- Simultaneous 50 and 60Hz supply rejection.
- Current consumption normal operation: < 1.5mA.
- Power down < 1uA.
- Operation supply voltage range:  $2.6 \sim 5.5$ V.
- Size 35mmx20mm.
- Recommended Load Cell: HT-LC10K.

### **Application Example with Arduino Uno:**

Most Load cell has four wires: red, black, green and white. On HX711 board you will find E+/E-, A+/A- and B+/B-connections. Connect load cell to HX711 sensor board according to the following table:

HX711 Load Sensor Board	Load Cell Wire
E+	Red
E-	Black
A+	Green
A-	White
B-	Unused
B+	Unused

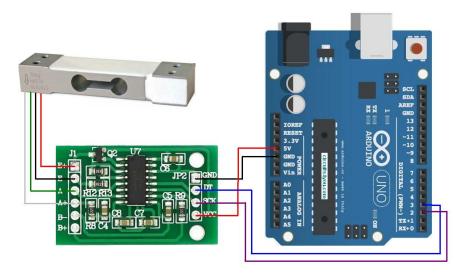


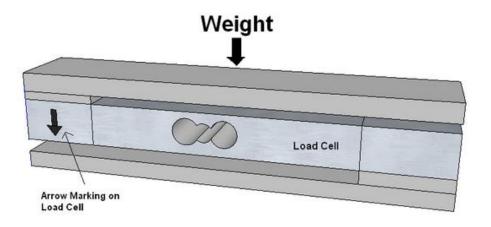
Figure 1: HX711 and Load Cell connected to Arduino Uno

HX711 Sensor	Arduino Uno
GND	GND
DT	D3
SCK	D2
VCC	5V

HX711 Module operates at 5V and communication is done using serial SDA and SCK pins.

# Where to apply weight on load cell?

You can see a arrow is shown on Load cell. This arrow shows the direction of force on the load cell. You can make arrangement shown in figure using metal strips. Attach metal strip on the Load cell using bolts.



#### Programming Arduino UNO to Measure Weight in KG:

Connect the schematic as shown in Figure 1 above.

In order for this sensor module to work with Arduino boards, we need HX711 Library which can down load from <a href="https://github.com/bogde/HX711">https://github.com/bogde/HX711</a>.

Before HX711 can be used to measure an object weigh accurately, it need to calibrate first. Below step will show you how to do the calibration.

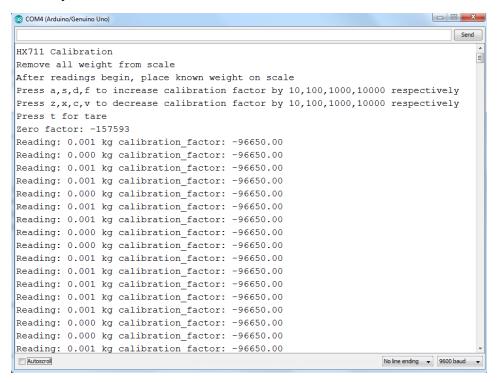
#### 1<sup>st</sup> Step: Calibration Sketch

Upload the below sketch to Arduino Uno Board:

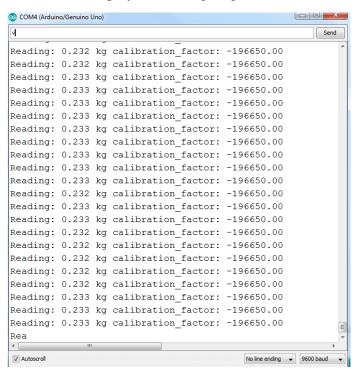
```
/* Handson Technology www.handsontec.com
 * 29th December 2017
* Load Cell HX711 Module Interface with Arduino to measure weight in Kgs
Arduino
pin
2 -> HX711 CLK
3 -> DOUT
5V -> VCC
GND -> GND
Most any pin on the Arduino Uno will be compatible with DOUT/CLK.
The HX711 board can be powered from 2.7V to 5V so the Arduino 5V power should be fine.
#include "HX711.h" //You must have this library in your arduino library folder
#define DOUT 3
#define CLK 2
HX711 scale (DOUT, CLK);
//Change this calibration factor as per your load cell once it is found you many need to
vary it in thousands
float calibration factor = -96650; //-106600 worked for my 40Kg max scale setup
//-----
                      SETUP
void setup() {
 Serial.begin (9600);
```

```
Serial.println("HX711 Calibration");
 Serial.println("Remove all weight from scale");
 Serial.println("After readings begin, place known weight on scale");
 Serial.println("Press a,s,d,f to increase calibration factor by 10,100,1000,10000
respectively");
 Serial.println("Press z,x,c,v to decrease calibration factor by 10,100,1000,10000
respectively");
 Serial.println("Press t for tare");
 scale.set scale();
 scale.tare(); //Reset the scale to 0
 long zero factor = scale.read average(); //Get a baseline reading
 Serial.print("Zero factor: "); //This can be used to remove the need to tare the scale.
Useful in permanent scale projects.
 Serial.println(zero factor);
}
LOOP
void loop() {
 scale.set scale(calibration factor); //Adjust to this calibration factor
 Serial.print("Reading: ");
 Serial.print(scale.get units(), 3);
 Serial.print(" kg"); //Change this to kg and re-adjust the calibration factor if you
follow SI units like a sane person
 Serial.print(" calibration factor: ");
 Serial.print(calibration factor);
 Serial.println();
 if(Serial.available())
   char temp = Serial.read();
   if(temp == '+' || temp == 'a')
     calibration factor += 10;
   else if(temp == '-' || temp == 'z')
     calibration factor -= 10;
   else if(temp == 's')
     calibration factor += 100;
   else if(temp == 'x')
     calibration factor -= 100;
   else if(temp == 'd')
     calibration factor += 1000;
   else if(temp == 'c')
     calibration factor -= 1000;
   else if(temp == 'f')
     calibration factor += 10000;
   else if(temp == 'v')
     calibration_factor -= 10000;
   else if(temp == 't')
     scale.tare(); //Reset the scale to zero
 }
}
```

Remove any load from the load sensor. Open up the Serial Monitor. The below window should open showing the module had successfully connected to Arduino Uno.



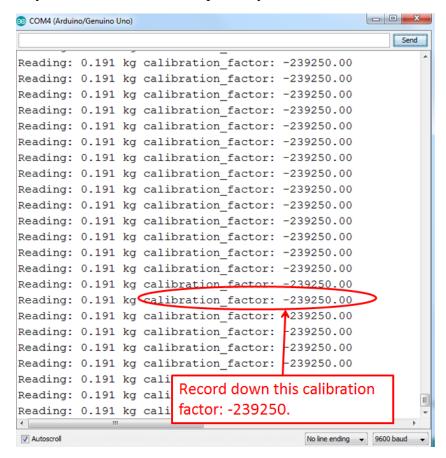
Place a known weight object on the load cell. In this case the author used a known weight of 191grams with 10KG Load Cell. The Serial Monitor will display some weigh figure as shown below:



We need to do calibration here:

• Key in letter " a, s, d, f " into the serial monitor command space and hit "Send" button to increase calibration factor by 10, 100, 1000, 10000 respectively.

• Key in letter " z, x, c, v " into the serial monitor command space and hit "Send" button to decrease calibration factor by 10, 100, 1000, 10000 respectively.



Keep adjusting until the reading shown the actual weight placed on the load cell. Record down the "calibration\_factor" value, in this case "-239250" in author's weigh of 191g reference with 10KG Load Cell. We will need this value to plug into our second sketch for real measurement.

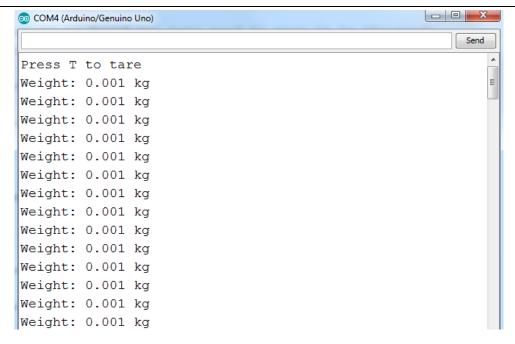
## 2<sup>nd</sup> Step: Final Code for Real Weight Measurement

Before upload the sketch, we need to plug in the "calibration factor "obtained in 1<sup>st</sup> step:

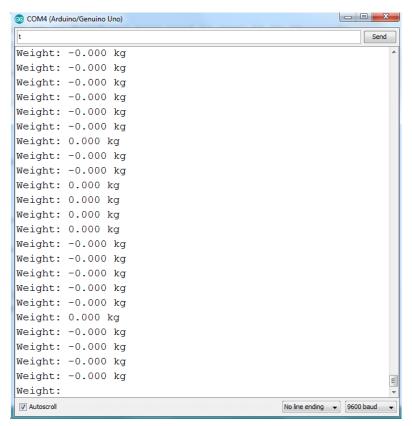
#### Upload the below sketch to Arduino Uno Board, after modified the scale factor:

```
/* Handson Technology www.handsontec.com
 * 29th December 2017
* Load Cell HX711 Module Interface with Arduino to measure weight in Kgs
Arduino
pin
2 -> HX711 CLK
 3 -> DOUT
5V -> VCC
GND -> GND
Most any pin on the Arduino Uno will be compatible with \mathtt{DOUT}/\mathtt{CLK}.
The HX711 board can be powered from 2.7V to 5V so the Arduino 5V power should be fine.
#include "HX711.h" //You must have this library in your arduino library folder
#define DOUT 3
#define CLK 2
HX711 scale (DOUT, CLK);
//Change this calibration factor as per your load cell once it is found you many need to vary it in thousands
float calibration factor = -96650; //-106600 worked for my 40Kg max scale setup
11
            SETUP
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("Press T to tare");
 scale.set_scale(-239250); //Calibration Factor obtained from first sketch
 scale.tare();
                         //Reset the scale to 0
                  T<sub>1</sub>OOP
void loop() {
 Serial.print("Weight: ");
 Serial.print(scale.get_units(), 3); //Up to 3 decimal points
Serial.println(" kg"); //Change this to kg and re-adjust the calibration factor if you follow lbs
 if(Serial.available())
   char temp = Serial.read();
   if(temp == 't' || temp == 'T')
     scale.tare(); //Reset the scale to zero
//=====
```

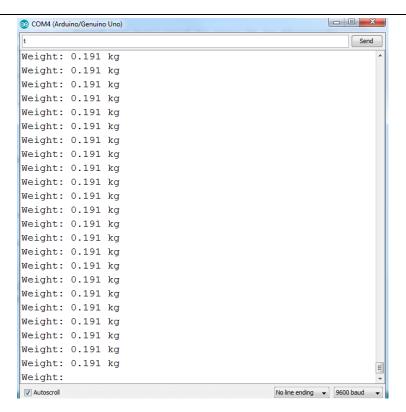
After successfully upload the sketch, open Serial Monitor. The below window should appear showing the real measurement value:



You can reset the reading to 0.000kg (without load") by key-in "t" or "T" into the command space and hit "Send" button. Below display showing the measure value become 0.000kg.



Place an object onto the load cell, the actual weight should display. Below is the weight display when place the object of 191grams (used in 1<sup>st</sup> step for calibration).



Hooray! you have constructed a weighing scale with accuracy of three decimal point!

#### **Web Resources:**

- HX711 Library download: <a href="https://github.com/bogde/HX711">https://github.com/bogde/HX711</a>
- Recommended Load Cell: <u>HT-LC10K.</u>